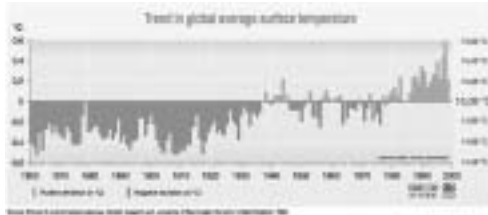


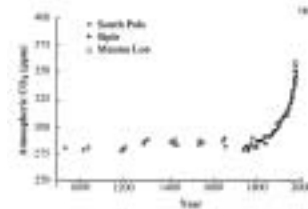
Lecture 12: Global Warming



- Points Of Agreement
- Main Point of Contention
- Prediction Of the Future Warming

ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

Points of Agreement

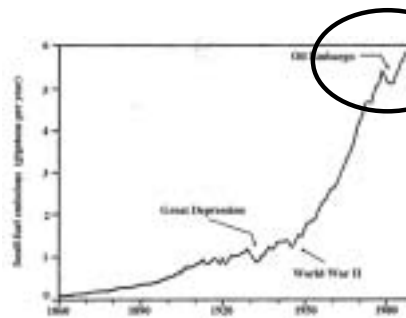


(from "Is The Temperature Rising?")

- Global climate change, including global warming, are inevitable should the atmospheric concentration of greenhouse gases rise continually. (They disagree about the timing and magnitude of the warming).
- The atmospheric concentration of greenhouse gases is rising.

ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

Human Injection of Carbon

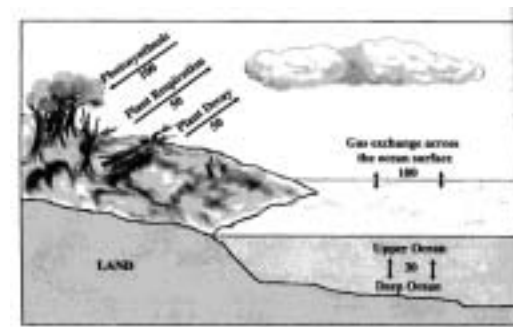


(from Philander's "Is The Temperature Rising?")

Human inject
6 gigatons of carbon
into the atmosphere
every year.
→ 3 gigaton remains
in the atmosphere

ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

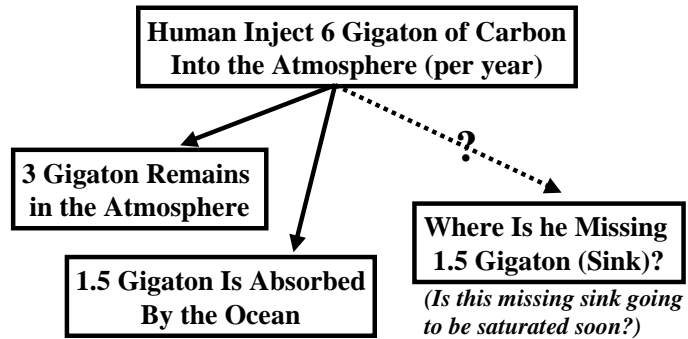
Global Carbon Cycle



(from "Is The Temperature Rising?")

ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

The Missing Carbon Sink



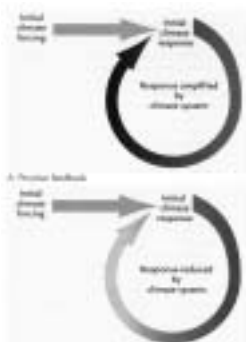
ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

Main Point of Contention

- ❑ The debate about global warming is primarily about the degree to which different feedbacks will influence the Earth's climate in the future.
- ❑ Many of those feedbacks involve water in one form or another.

ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

Major Climate Feedback Processes



- ❑ Water Vapor Feedback - Positive
- ❑ Snow/Ice Albedo Feedback - Positive
- ❑ Longwave Radiation Feedback - Negative
- ❑ Vegetation-Climate Feedback - Positive
- ❑ Cloud Feedback - Uncertain

(from *Earth's Climate: Past and Future*)

ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

Water Vapor Feedback



(from *Earth's Climate: Past and Future*)

ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

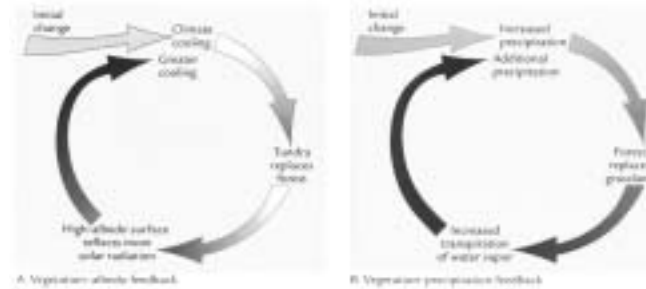
Snow/Ice Albedo Feedback



(from *Earth's Climate: Past and Future*)

ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

Vegetation-Climatc Feedbacks



(from *Earth's Climate: Past and Future*)

ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

Is Global Warming Evident Yet?

- ❑ The global warming observed in the past 100 years can be a result of natural variability and anthropogenically induced.
- ❑ Since our understanding of the natural variability is limited, it is difficult for us to decide whether or not the human-induced global warming already shows up.
- ❑ The detection of the current anthropogenically induced signal will be difficult until it is very large.

ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

Prediction of Future Warming

- ❑ If the atmospheric level of greenhouse gases continue to rise at the present rate, climate models predicts:
 - ❑ **Very Probable**
 - ✓ Global surface temperature will warm up 0.5-2°C over the period 1990 to 2050.
 - ✓ Global sea level will rise by 5 to 40 cm by 2050.
 - ✓ Global precipitation will increase
 - ✓ Arctic land areas will experience wintertime warming

ESS101C
Prof. Jin-Yi Yu

Prediction of Future Warming

❑ *Probable*

- ✓ Rainfall will increase over the high latitude of the northern hemisphere, but will decrease in the midlatitude of northern hemisphere continents.

❑ *Uncertain*

- ✓ We are not sure how climate will change in small regions
- ✓ We are not sure how the frequency of El Nino will change
- ✓ We are not sure how hurricane, flood, and drought will respond to global warming

